

A sepia-toned portrait of Albert Einstein, showing him from the chest up. He has dark hair, wears round-rimmed glasses, and has a prominent mustache. He is dressed in a dark suit jacket over a white shirt and a dark tie.

Post-Newtonian cosmology

Dirk Puetzfeld
(Iowa State University)

COSMO-05, Bonn
28 August - 1 September
2005

Motivation

- i. Is there a **systematic** framework which allows us to **quantify** general relativistic (GR) effects in cosmology?
- ii. Is there a **systematic** framework which allows us to **test** and **classify** different gravity theories by using cosmological tests?

Motivation

- i. Is there a **systematic framework** which allows us to **quantify** general relativistic (GR) effects in cosmology?
- ii. Is there a **systematic framework** which allows us to **test** and **classify** different gravity theories by using cosmological tests?

Approximation schemes (GR)

Post-Minkowskian
(Weak field / Fast motion)

$$g^{\mu\nu} = \eta^{\mu\nu} + \epsilon \gamma^{\mu\nu} + \dots$$

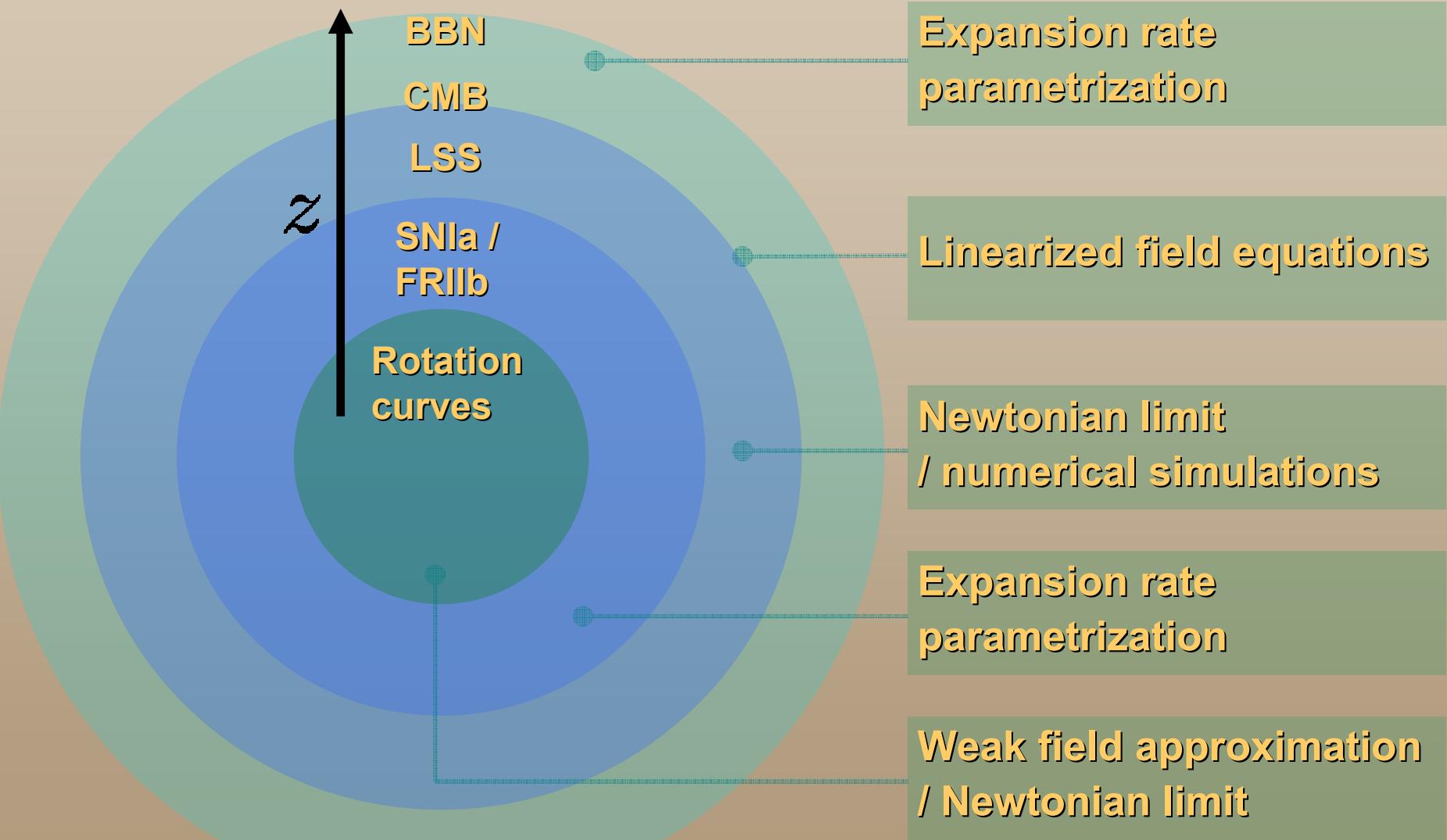
- Expand metric around Minkowski background
- Try to mimic electrodynamics
- Do not expand matter variables

Post-Newtonian
(Weak field / Slow motion)

$$\begin{aligned} g^{\mu\nu} &= g_0^{\mu\nu} + c^{-1} g_1^{\mu\nu} + \dots \\ u^\mu &= u_0^\mu + c^{-1} u_1^\mu + \dots \end{aligned}$$

- Start from Newtonian limit
- Expand metric and velocities in powers of c
- Try mimic Newtonian gravity
- Do not expand other matter variables

Cosmological tests and approximation methods



Approximation schemes (cosmology)

Cosmological Perturbations
(Weak field / Fast motion)

$$g^{\mu\nu} = \cancel{g^{\mu\nu}} + \epsilon \gamma^{\mu\nu} + \dots$$

↑
 $g_{\text{FLRW}}^{\mu\nu}$

- Expand metric around **FLRW** background
- Try to mimic electrodynamics
- Do not expand matter variables

Cosmological Post-Newtonian
(Weak field / Slow motion)

$$\begin{aligned} g^{\mu\nu} &= g^{\mu\nu}_0 + c^{-1} g^{\mu\nu}_1 + \dots \\ u^\mu &= u^\mu_0 + c^{-1} u^\mu_1 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

- Start from Newtonian limit (with additional cosmic **expansion**)
- Expand metric and velocities in powers of c
- Try mimic Newtonian gravity
- Do not expand other matter variables

Approximation schemes (cosmology)

Cosmological Perturbations
(Weak field / Fast motion)

$$g^{\mu\nu} = \cancel{\gamma^{\mu\nu}} + \epsilon \gamma^{\mu\nu} + \dots$$

↑
 $\gamma^{\mu\nu}_{\text{FLRW}}$

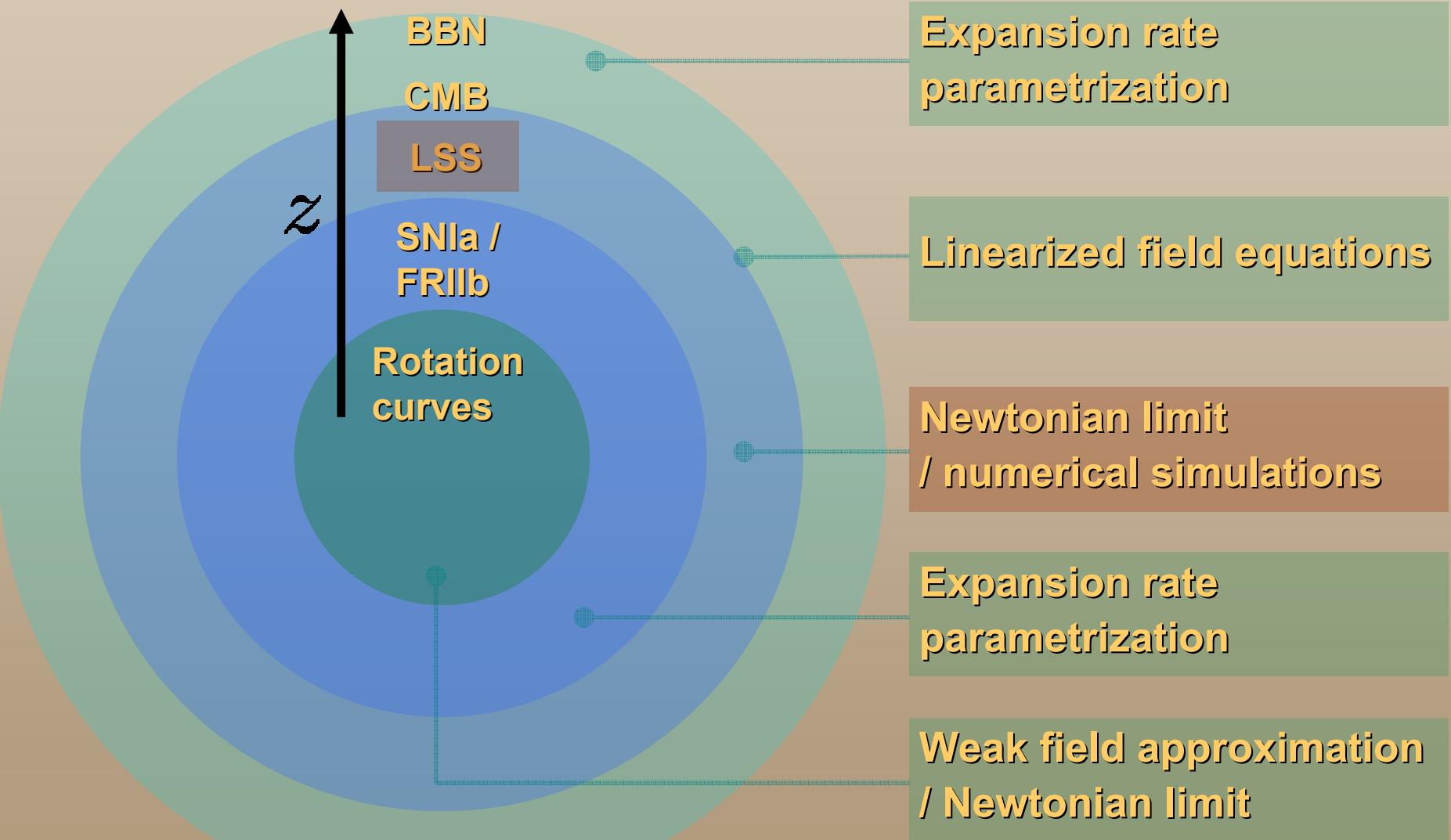
- Expand metric around **FLRW** background
- Try to mimic electrodynamics
- Do not expand matter variables

Cosmological Post-Newtonian
(Weak field / Slow motion)

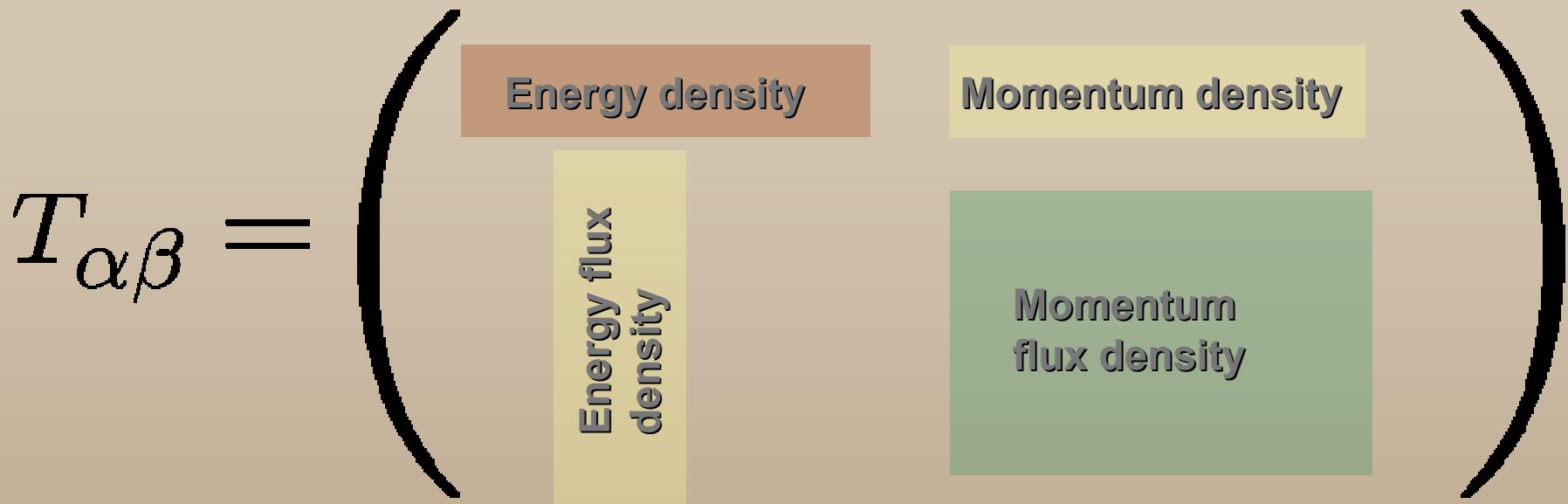
$$\begin{aligned} g^{\mu\nu} &= g^{\mu\nu}_0 + c^{-1} g^{\mu\nu}_1 + \dots \\ u^\mu &= u^\mu_0 + c^{-1} u^\mu_1 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

- Start from Newtonian limit (with additional cosmic **expansion**)
- Expand metric and velocities in powers of c
- Try mimic Newtonian gravity
- Do not expand other matter variables

Cosmological tests and approximation methods



The PN philosophy



$$T_{00} > T_{0a} > T_{ab}$$

$g_{\alpha\beta}$ and u^α expandable in powers of c

PN order scheme

Metric Order \	g_{00}	g_{0a}	g_{ab}
Newtonian	2	0	0
0.5PN	0	0	0
1PN	4	3	2
1.5PN	5	0	0
2PN	6	5	4
2.5PN	7	6	5
3PN	6
3.5PN	7

c^{-n}

Numbers correspond to order in inverse powers
of the speed of light

CPNA metric ansatz & strategy

Provide metric ansatz by hand



Velocities / EM tensor

Connection / Curvature / FEQs

Impose GC / „Solve“ FEQs

Determine form of the metric

EOMs / EMPT

$$g_{00} = 1 - \frac{2U}{c^2} + O(c^{-4})$$

$$g_{0a} = h_{0a} = O(c^{-3})$$

$$g_{ab} = -a^2 \delta_{ab} + O(c^{-2})$$

Determine final set FEQs / EOMs

Start over

Numerics

Metric & Field equations (1CPNA)

$$\begin{aligned}
 g_{00} &= 1 + \frac{2}{c^2} \left[\psi - U + \frac{1}{c^2} (U^2 - 2\Phi) \right] + O(c^{-6}) \\
 g_{0a} &= \frac{1}{c^3} (4U_a - \chi_{,a}) + O(c^{-5}) \\
 g_{ab} &= a^2 \left(-1 - \frac{2U}{c^2} \right) \delta_{ab} + O(c^{-4})
 \end{aligned}$$

1CPN metric

$$\begin{aligned}
 \nabla^2 U &= -4\pi G a^2 \rho \\
 \nabla^2 \Phi &= -4\pi G a^2 \rho \phi \\
 \nabla^2 \psi &= -4\pi G a^2 \rho V \\
 \phi &= a^2 v^2 + U + \frac{1}{2} \Pi + \frac{3p}{2\rho} \\
 V &= -\frac{3}{4\pi G \rho} \left(\frac{\ddot{a}}{a} + \frac{3}{c^2} \frac{\dot{U}\dot{a}}{a} + \frac{1}{c^2} \ddot{U} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

„Poisson like“ FEQ hierarchy

$$\begin{aligned}
 \dot{\rho} + \nabla (\rho \underline{v}) + 3 \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \rho &= 0 \\
 2 \left(\frac{\dot{a}}{a} \right)^2 + \frac{\ddot{a}}{a} &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

Constraints from GC

Equations of motion (1CPNA)

$$T^{\alpha\beta}_{;\beta} = 0$$

1PN form of the metric
(general form)

$$\begin{aligned} T^{0\alpha}_{;\alpha} &= c \left\{ \frac{1}{a^3} (a^3 \rho)_{,t} + (\rho v^a)_{,a} \right\} \\ &+ \frac{1}{c} \left\{ (\rho \Pi)_{,t} + \dot{\rho} (a^2 v^2 + 2U) + 3 \frac{\dot{a}}{a} (p + 2\rho U + \rho \Pi) + \rho \left[a^2 (v^2)_{,t} + 3\dot{V} \right] \right. \\ &\left. + [\rho v^a (\Pi + a^2 v^2)]_{,a} + (pv^a)_{,a} + \rho v^a (3V - U)_{,a} + 2U (v^a \rho)_{,a} \right\} + O(c^{-3}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T^{b\alpha}_{;\alpha} &= \left\{ (\rho v^a v^b)_{,a} + (\rho v^b)_{,t} + \frac{1}{a^2} (p_{,b} - \rho U_{,b}) + 5 \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \rho v^b \right\} \\ &+ \frac{1}{c^2} \left\{ (\rho \Pi v^b)_{,t} + (\rho \Pi v^b v^a)_{,a} + (pv^b)_{,t} + (pv^b v^a)_{,a} - V_{,b} \rho v^2 \right\} \\ &+ \rho a^2 \left[(v^b v^a v^2)_{,a} + (v^b v^2)_{,t} \right] \\ &+ \frac{\rho}{a^2} U_{,b} \left[2(V - U) - \Pi - \frac{p}{\rho} - a^2 v^2 \right] \\ &+ 2U \left[(\rho v^b v^a)_{,a} + (v^b \rho)_{,t} \right] \\ &+ v^b \left[\rho \left(5 \frac{\dot{a}}{a} \Pi + 7 \dot{a} a v^2 + 10 \frac{\dot{a}}{a} U + 5V_{,a} v^a + U_{,a} v^a + \dot{U} + 5\dot{V} \right) \right. \\ &\left. + \dot{\rho} a^2 v^2 + 5 \frac{\dot{a}}{a} p + \rho_{,a} v^a a^2 v^2 \right] \\ &+ \frac{1}{a^2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sigma_{,b} \rho - 2V p_{,b} + \rho (h_{0a,b} - h_{0b,a}) v^a - \rho \dot{h}_{0b} \right] \} + O(c^{-4}) \end{aligned}$$

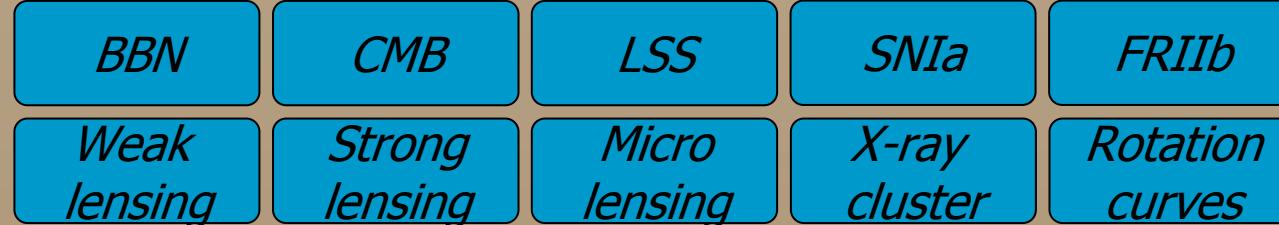
Testing gravitational theories



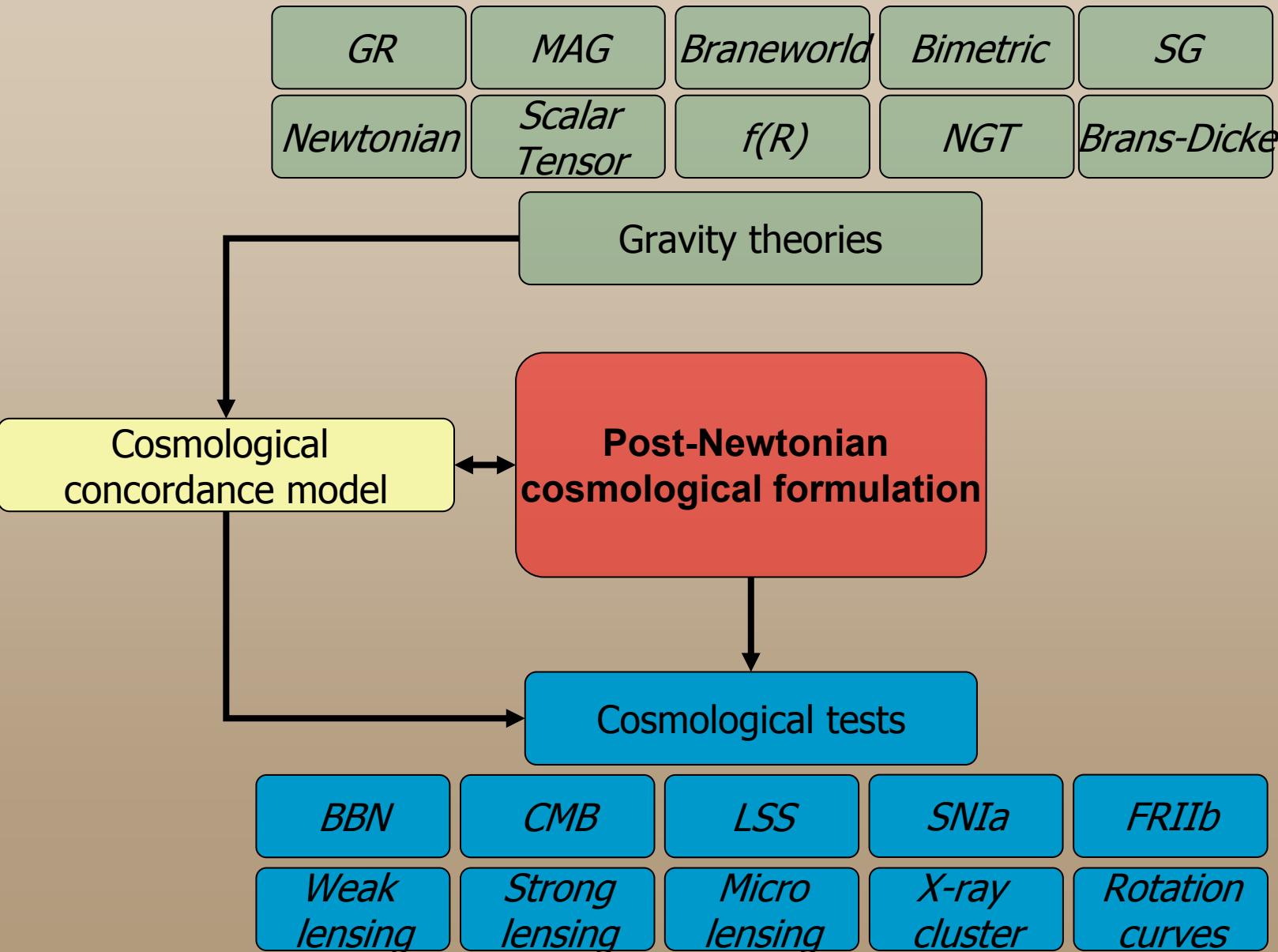
Gravity theories

Cosmological
concordance model

Cosmological tests



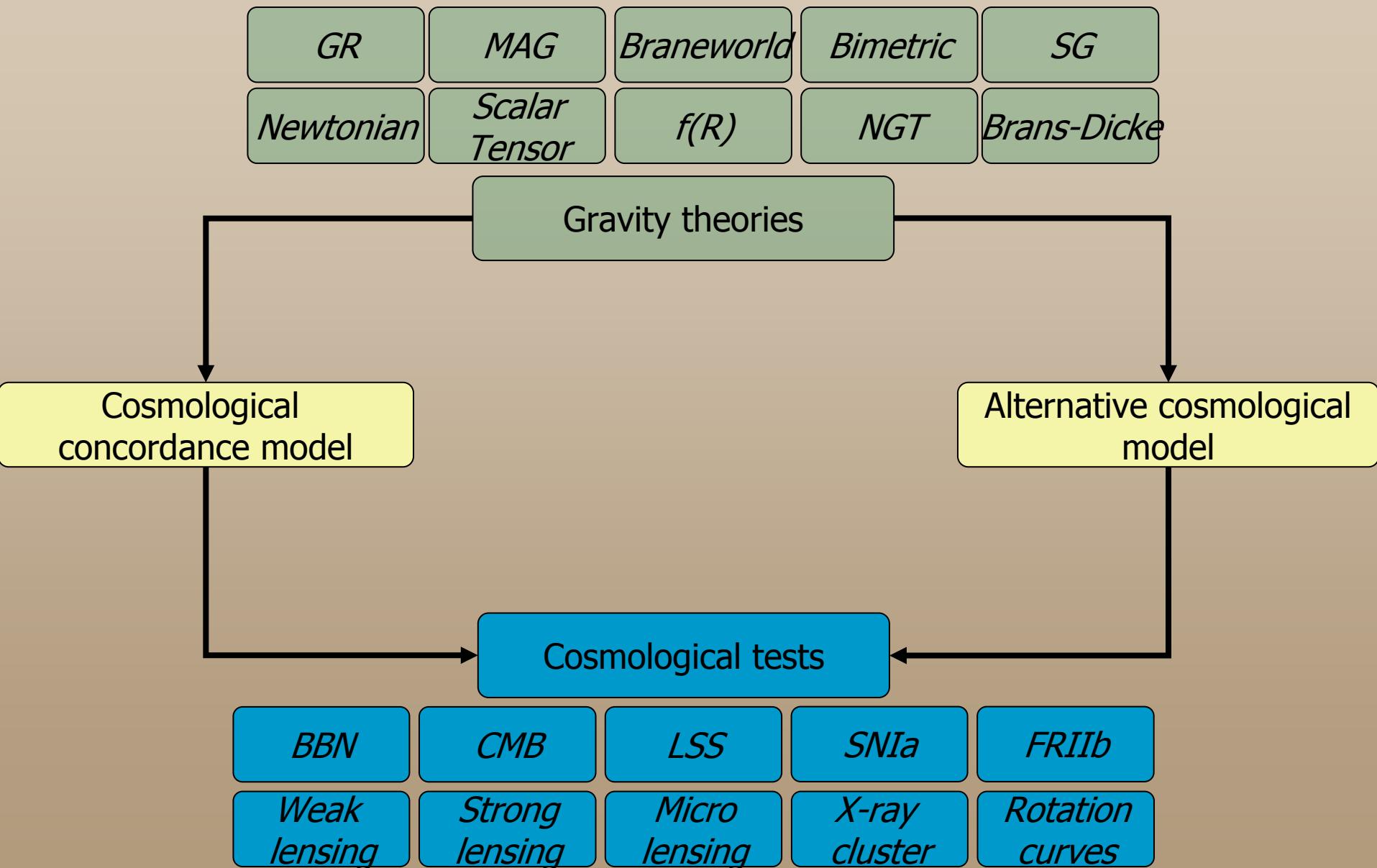
Testing gravitational theories



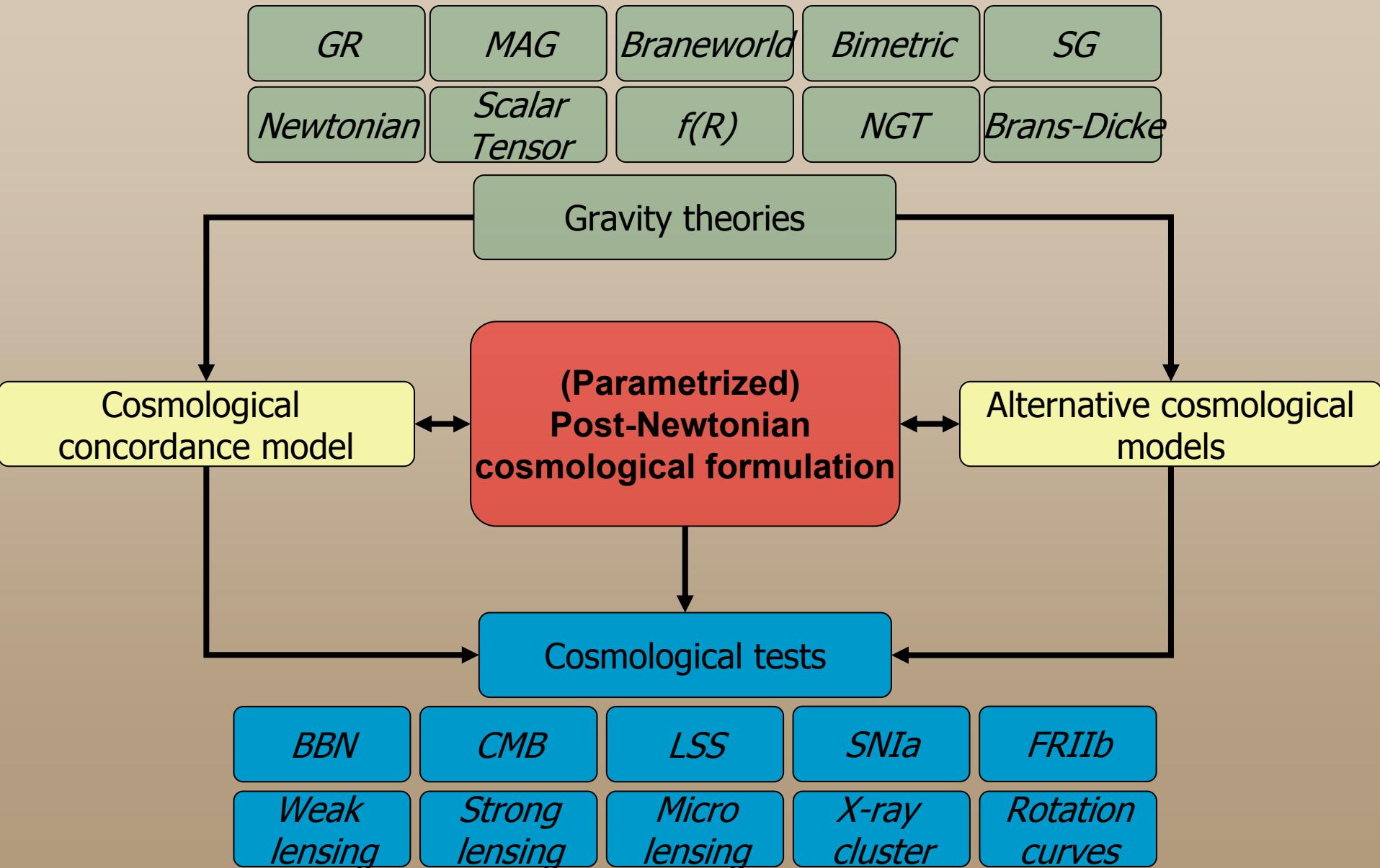
Motivation

- i. Is there a **systematic** framework which allows us to **quantify** general relativistic (GR) effects in cosmology?
- ii. Is there a **systematic** framework which allows us to **test** and **classify** different gravity theories by using cosmological tests?

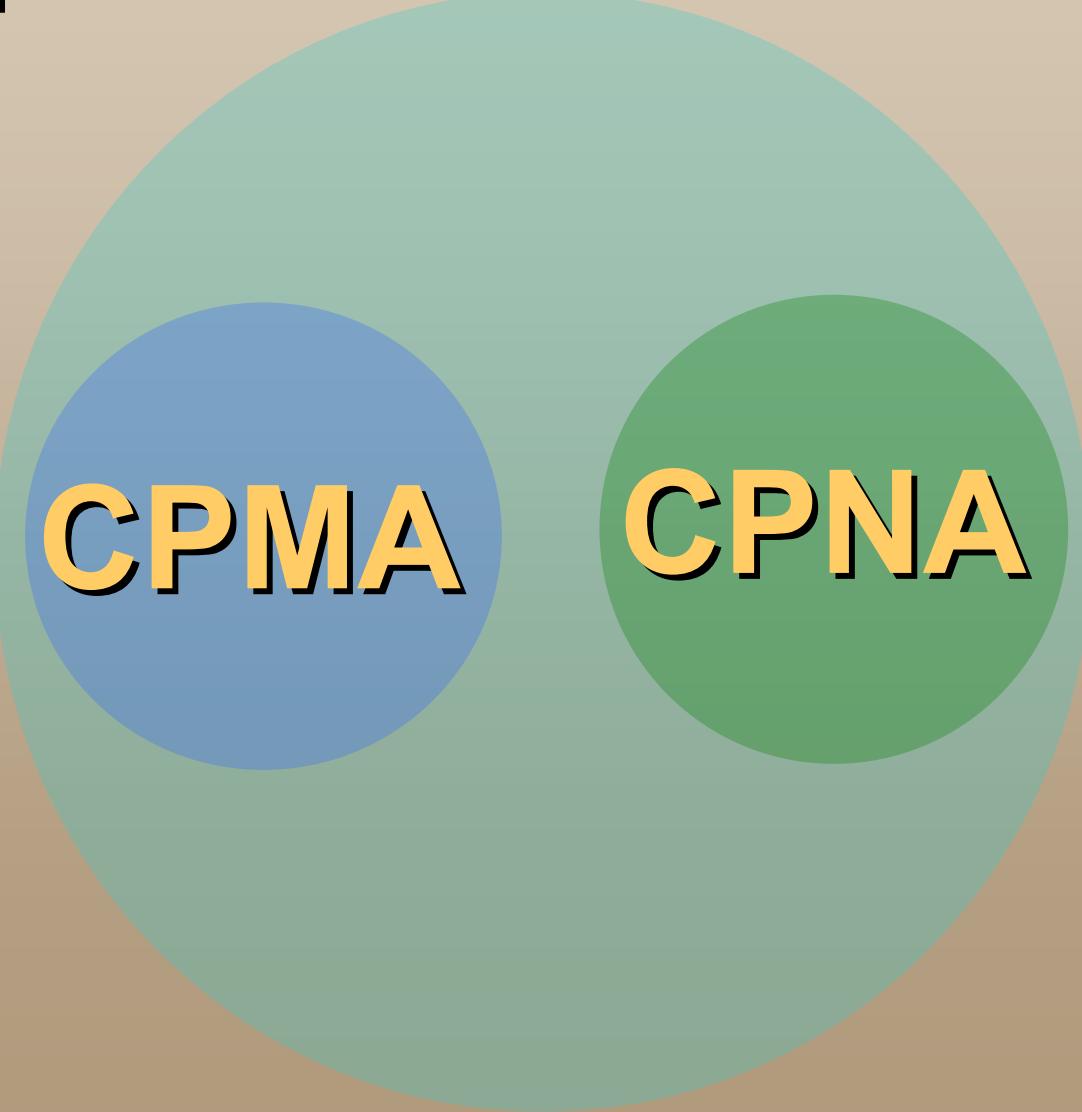
Testing gravitational theories



Testing gravitational theories



Combination of approximation schemes



A Venn diagram consisting of two overlapping circles. The left circle is blue and contains the text "CPMA". The right circle is green and contains the text "CPNA". The overlapping area of the circles is shaded in a lighter teal color.

CPMA

CPNA

Summary & Outlook

- i. We successfully derived the FEQs / EOMs / EMPT to 1st CPNA order (following Chandrasekhar's ordering scheme)
- ii. We are currently searching for a form of the FEQs and EOMs which is most suitable for numerical simulations
- iii. We implemented and tested a CA package of routines for Maple (to be released soon!)
- iv. We want higher orders and a combination of different approximation methods

Collaborators

- **Jai-chan Hwang**
(Kyungpook National University)
- **Hyerim Noh**
(Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute)

Publications

- **Hwang et al. astro-ph/0507085**
- **Puetzfeld et al. (in preparation)**

Last words...

